Does bedependent. In Hungary it would at that period have been casy to treat with the insurrection on terms which would have secured the walfare of the country, and seved a hundred thousand lives. There were generals high in command of the Magyar forces who was a ready to surrender in December as they afterwards were at Vilagos, in August. But to all suen proposals the Austrian Minister turned a deaf ear, and this transaction, followed as it afterwards was by the execution of Louis Batthyanyi, is in our opinion the most censurable passage in Prince Schwarzenberg's administration. It compelled him to solicit Russian assistance to put down the rebelion; but it was evident on more than one subsequent occasion that the haughty minister rescuted the service he was fain to accept. Meanwhile the state of Germany was become unequivocally hoetile to Austrian interests. The confederation was well nigh transformed into a Prussian Empire with republican Institutions; the minor Princes were faintly struggling for existence; even the Kings had been weep tinto a league which was to supercede the federal treaties, and Frederic William IV. seemed on the point of winning more by revolutions than Frederic II had done by war. It was here that Prince Schwarzenberg put forth an amount of intrepidity, activity, and address which were crowned by the most triumphant results. By the treaty of Bregens he drew closer the ties between Austria and the southern kingdoms of Bavaria and Wurtemberg, he gradually detached Saxony from the Prussian alliance, and obtained the neutrality of Hanover. Armed with this support, and relying upon the indibattable authority of the federal treaties, he then revived the Diet of Frankfort, and while Prussia cill denied its existence, its authority was already invoked and about to be enforced on the confines of her own dominions. With equal beldness and skill immense masses of troops were moved at the approach of winter to all denied the variation of the properties of the properties of the properties of the pr

INTERVIEW BETWEEN HENRY V. OF FRANCE, AND THE BUSSIAN PRINCES-ANOTHER KOSSUTH IN THE FIELD

BUSSIAN PRINCES—ANOTHER EOSSUTH INTHE FIELD—HARSHAL RADETSKY ALIVE, ETC.
Intelligence from Venice states that the reception given by the Grand Duke Constantine to the Count of Chamberd was in every respect regal. He invited the Prince to dinner, placed him at his left hand, and the Countess on the right, and treated both throughout as if they were reigning Sovereigns, addressing the Count of Chambord as "Sire."

" Sire."
On paying the Grand Duke a visit the next day they

On paying the Grand Duke a visit the next day they were received with similar honors, all the crew of the ship manning the yards.

In the conversation the Grand Duke is said to have expressed himself very frankly on the state of France. A Prenchman happened to observe that the next thing expected to be done by Louis Napoleon was the establishment of the Empire. The Grand Duke expressed his disbetief, adding that he believed the President to be a man of the onuch sense to take any step that would indispose foreign powers against him.

belief, adding that he believed the President to be a man of too much tense to take any step that would indispose foreign powers against him.

A namesake of Kossuth, a celebrated Protestant preacher, has been suspended from his functions at Prague. He is extremely popular and famous for his cloquence. The ministrations of Herr Kossuth have been the cause of a vast number of conversions to Protestantlem; and a great quantity of Bibles, printed in Hungary, by the agents of the British Society, have found their way into Behenia. The Protestant elergymen were of course instrumental in circulating these books, which they have been forbidden to do for the future. Herr Kossuth, however, went further than the rest, and was curious in the matter of religious books, especially such as tend to throw light upon the lives of the early reformers, and the opinions of Huss in particular.

Marshal Radetsky, whose death was rumored, is, it appears by accounts from Verona of the 26th of March, in the enjoyment of perfect health in that city. A statue is about to be erected to the veteran warrior in Prague.

Accounts from Treste state that not less than twenty-five vessels of various kinds perished in the gale of wind

Accounts from Prieste state that not less than twenty-five vessels of various kinds perished in the gale of wind of the 5th inst. Various disasters have besides taken place in the Mediterranean, and on the coast of Spain, during the early part of the month. The Austrian garrisons of Pisa. Pistoia, and Sienna, would be shortly withdrawn, and those of Florence and Leghorn considerably reduced.

Switzerland.

On the 24th ult. several persons were tried by the tribu-nal of correctional police of the town of Basle, for insult-ing Louis Napoleon, by exhibiting a caricature of him, and singing a song containing offensive expressions, in a procession during the earnival. The author of the song, a schoelmaster, the painter of the caricature, and two young men who were prominent as singers, were sentenced to four months' imprisonment. The printer of the song, and three other persons, were sentenced to a Sortnight's imprisonment.

Accounts from Berne of the 2d inst., state that the government had the preceding day handed to the Minister.

vernment had the preceeding day handed to the Minister of France a reply to the last note of March 6. Init the Federal Council endeavors to show by facts that it has done all it could do in the affair of the refugees, without however ascrificing the right of asylum, which it considers one of the most precious privileges of civilized nations Upwards of 50 refugees. 30 being French and 20 Germans have been sent away from Switzerland within a short line. About 20 others have been directed to live in the interior. The answer declares that the Federal Com-missioners, MM. Kern and Trog. have acted in the cir-cumstances with both energy and prudence.

Italy.
The Augsburg Gazette of the 2d inst., has the follow

The Augsburg Gazette of the 2d inst., has the following — Gazette of the 2d inst., has the following — Charles Bonaparte. Prince of Canino, having arrived at Clvita Vecchia, the Pontifical anthorities refused to allow him to proceed to Rome. We are informed that the Princess having and all her family, waited, on the 23d of March, on the Pope to request His Holiness to refuse the Prince permission to come to Rome, his object being solely to seize on the best part of the fortune of his wife. The Princess of Canino is daughter of Joseph Bonaparte, former Kingof Spain. She is very rich, whilst the prince possesses little or no fortune, and expends large sums of money. The Holy Father, it is said, assured the Princess that he would not allow her husband to come to Rome, and that he would not allow her husband to come to Rome, and that he would not allow her husband to come to Rome, and that he would not allow her husband to come to Rome, and slist ult., had received a telegraphic despatch from Leghorn, announcing that the Prince of Canino was still at Civita Vecchia. The First Secretary of the French embassy had returned to that town to prevail upon him to depart; he replied that he should first receive an answer from Paris, which he expected on the 2d or 3d inst.

The Genea Gazette, of the 24th, quotes the following, dated Nice. 21st:—The mother of General Garibaidi died here, at a very advanced age, yesterday. In the afternoon, her mortal remains were conveyed to the cemetery, followed by an immense coxtege of relatives, friends, and foreigners. The corners of the pall were held by four political refugees—a Frenchman, a Pole, an Italian, and a Russian. All the members of the French and Italian, emigration, present at Nice, attended the funeral. There were even among them several ladies.

According to a telegraphic despatch of the 20th of March, received at Vienna from Constantinople, the Sultan wrote under the Egyptian note demanding a modification in the Tanzimat, this request I neither can cought, nor will grant."

The accounts of the 17th, state that the differences

cought, no will grant.

The accounts of the 17th, state that the differences which have existed for some mouths past between the Porte and the Vicercy of Egypt, have latterly assumed a degree of gravity which makes a speedy rupture almost inevitable. The last replies of abbas Pacha, which were couched in very unconciliating towns, have raised the discontent of the imperial government to the highest pitch. By an express order of the Sultan, the Council of Ministers held extraordinary sittings three days consecutively to deliberate on the affair, and it was unanimously decided that no fresh concession could be made by the Turkish government, and that Abbas Pacha must be immediately compelled to conform himself in all points to the orders of the Sultan; hence the above of the 20th. The Council was, however, of opinion that a last attempt at conciliation should be made, hefore having recourse to any extreme measures. Sir Strafford Canning continued, it is said to espouse warmly the cause of Abbas Pacha, but his efforts were unavailing.

Advices of the 16th, state that Fund Effendi had been sent to Egypt to arrange with Abbas Pacha the difficulties connected with the introduction of the Tanzimat. Fund Effendi is perinaps, the most acc ompished diplomatist in the Turkish service. He has been employed at Bucharest, Madrid London and, lastly, at St. Petersburgh, whither he proceeded on a special mission when the Sultan refused to oblige the Czar by surrendering the Hungarian refused to oblige the Czar by surrendering the Hungarian refused to oblige the Czar by surrendering the Hungarian refused to oblige the Czar by surrendering the Hungarian refused to oblige the Czar by surrendering the Hungarian refused to oblige the Czar by surrendering the Hungarian refused to oblige the Czar by surrendering the Hungarian refused to oblige the Czar by surrendering the Hungarian refused to oblige the Czar by surrendering the Hungarian refused to oblige the Czar by surrendering the Hungarian refused to oblige the Czar by surrenderin

Egypt.
The latest advices from Alexandria are of the 21st

ultimo.

It is stated that the Pacha has accepted the conditions of the Porte regarding the Tanzimat, and it is expected at Cairo that to make up with the Sultan. It is his intention to set out for Constantinople in the spring. This refleves the Porte of all embarrassment and anxiety on that

The vicercy had received from the Porte the formal order to regulate the succession to the throne in his family, and to deliver to Said Pacha, Nahim Pacha, Mehemet All, and Nasie Hanen, children of Michemet All, the packernal succession in kind. The Vicercy has submitted the

prection to the Uternahs at Cairs, and sent an ambass-ior to Constantinople to state that he is entitled to claim numerous indemnities from the children of Mehemet

samerous indemnities from the children of Mehemet Ali.

Abbas Pacha was prosecuting the works of the railway with energy; he compels Egyptian soldiers, and 20,000 fellahs and subjects of the lower class. to labor on them. Nearly 14 miles of the embankments have been completed and about 10,900 men are at present employed along the line. It is the wish of the engineers, if possible, to complete the section which connects this city with the Nile in the first instance, so as to get rid of the difficult navigation at certain seasons of the Mahmoudic Canal; but it is probable the Pacha will insist on a distribution of the labor along the entire distance, as he is desirous Cairo should equally share with Alexandria the advantages of early communication with the interior.—
The works are being pressed on with great vigor, and an accession of 3,000 men, drafted from the ships of war in harber (which have been laid up) left two or three days previous to the 21st uit. to join the work.

The first cargo of iron for the railway, was despatched from Cardiff on the 28th uit. We understand other earges are in course of loading at various outports, which will continue to be the case until the whole of the matrials have been shipped; thus employment will be afforded for a considerable amount of tomage for some time to come.

The arrivals of tourists from Cesserean and Thebes are

come.

The arrivals of tourists from Cesserean and Thebes are very numerous. It is calculated about 250 persons have visited Upper Egypt this year. This is considerably over the average number.

the average number.

The Caffre War.

The Proportis, which left the Cape on the third of March arrived at Plymouth on the 6th inst. On the fountier the Governor's call for the burgher levy was a failure; and although there were some expectations of the receipt of intelligence at head quarters, on the 8th of March, of the success of Gen. Somerset's patrole, yet the appointment of a new governor was likely to induce Sir Harry Smith to confine his efforts to the most simple operations. The Cape of Geod Hope papers to the 9th of February state that several divisions of the army had been marched to the country and the strongholds of the hostile chlefs, who appear to have determined not to surrender unconditionally, and to dispute every inch of ground with the invading forces. The Zuid Afrikaan says, the struggle may be looked upon as having been fairly recommenced, and the sword will now have to decide that to effect which, by negotiation, too great eagerness appears to have existed.

The Revenue of Great Britain.

The financial returns for the year and quarter, to the 5th inst. have been published. In the customs duties for the year, there is an increase, as compared with those for 1851, amounting to £97.226; the increase on the quarter, however, is £66.759. In the excise, the increase on the year is £57.674; on the quarter it is £89.528. In the stamps department there is a decrease on the year of £03.998; on the quarter it is only £32.023. Taxes produced in the year just ended, £639.506 less than in 1851, whereas there is an increase on the quarter of £127.234. On the property and income tax, which is the true test of a state of profitable activity in the country or otherwise, there is again a decrease for the year of £119.579, and for the quarter of £21.123. The post office gives an increase on the year of £190,000; on the quarter there is a decrease of £13,000. The Revenue of Great Britain.

Markets.

MONEY MARKET.

LONDON, Tuesday Evening, April 6.

The revenue returns, coupled with the Australian gold news, produced a favorable effect upon the English funds today, and before the termination of business there was an advance of nearly a quarter per cent. Consols for money opened at \$23, and left off at \$92\$, to \$99. The next account is need for the lith of May, and for that period the last price was \$9. The foreign stock-market was well supported throughout the day, and prices in some cases showed a further advance. In the foreign exchanges the rates generally were a shade higher than last post. A further dividend of 6d., making altogether 2s. 6d. in the pound, has been declared under the cetate of Mesers, Reid, Irving, & Co. There are still some assets remaining to be realized.

Hamuurg, April 3.—American six per cents, 1075; bills.

Mr. JAMES M'HENRY'S CIRCULAR.

LIVERPOOL, April 6, 1852.

We have a good inquiry for bacon, without any stocks. Some parcels of beef have arrived, but are not yet landed. French pork is offered at a decline of 2s. In cheese nothing doing. Thereis more inquiry for lard, and the quotations are more steady. In quereitron bark no transactions. It is most difficult to make progress with cloverseed, though offered at lower rates. In tallow or oils nothing doing. Rice is dull, but not lower.

Bralarurys—The low prices for flour lead to more inquiry, and considerable speculative transactions have taken place, at 198. 6d. ex ship. Wheats have further declined 2d. to 3d. per 70 lbs., at which sales have become free. Indian corn remains dull, at 28s. 6d. to 29s. for yellow, and 39s. to 31s. for white.

Corrow—The market has continued in the same quiet

corn remains dull, at 28s. 6d, to 29s. for yellow, and 20ss. to 31s. for white.

Corros.—The market has continued in the same quiet state as last advised, and prices unchanged. For want of a selection of good staple clean Orleans, the trade are holding off purchasing in the hope that when the importe arrive freely they may be better able to suit themselves. Leafy, dirly, or lightstapled cottons sontinue very unsaleable. The news received to-day, per Aria, of very large receipts, and increased estimates, is calculated for a time to act rather unfavorably for sellers, as it has already been felt in the Manchester market.

WRIGHT, GANDY & CO.'S CIRCULAR.

Liverpool, April 6, 1852.

WRIGHT, GANDY & CO.'S CIRCULAR.

LIVERPOOL, APRIL 6, 1852.

COTTON.—The dulness prevailing in our market, at the close of last week, has rather increased than otherwise since the sailing of the America, on Saturday; and although the import has been to a fair extent, it is not yet in store; consequently the selection is still limited, and offers no inducement to the extension of business by the trade; nor do we look for much change until after the Easter holidays, next week, by which time there will doubtless be more choice on show, and the effect of later advices from your side will better test prices. The Asia's accounts to hand this morning, have not produced any marked effect, but there has been more easterness manifest on the part of holders to realize during the past few days, and the increased receipts and experts are not calculated to inspire greater confidence. Prices are irregular.

Total Specul'nde

are irregular.

Total bules.

The sales on Saturday were . 4,000 3,500 500

Manday . 4,000 3,500 500

The import for same time is about 49,255 bales, principally

FRICES TO-DAY Middling. Ordinary.
Fair. Middling. Ordinary.
55. 43. 35. a 45.
35. a 45.
35. a 45.
35. a 45. uarter; white, being pressed, was 6d. a 1s. per quarter lower. CLOVERSEED dull, 50s. being now the outside price for the

finest qualities.

FLAXSEED.—50 hhds, sold at 60s, per tierce.

LAKD has fallen off in demand, and 48s, would now be saken. Rosis, from extreme scarcity, has advanced to 4s, per ewt. for common amber. TAR would sell at 11s., but holders demand more money. Rick.—69 tieroes fine quality changed hands, at 19s. per No change in other articles.
THE LATEST COTTON CIRCULAR.

The market opened this morning with the same quiet, dog-ged feeling which has prevailed for the past week; at the same time prices remain unchanged. The choice of Ameri-can is very poor, and the stocks exceedingly low. To-day's sales will, it is said, reach 4,000 to 5,000 bales, of which specu-lators and exporters took 500 to 700. THE CORN TRADE.

THE CORN TRADE.

BRESSAU, March 25, 1852.

A heavy blow threatens the speculators in corn. The prices have been falling for the last fortnight rye is 13 silver grosshen, wheat ten ditto, and barley 2 ditto per bushel lower than in February. Oats alone keep up. This fall is caused chiefly by reports from shroad; for our own market is but seantily supplied, and our large exports, both abroad and to the interior of the country, would cortainly occasion a rise, were it not for the favorable reports from foreign markets. All apprehension that the frost has injured the seeds is passed away.

STATE OF TRADE

kets. All apprehension that the frost has injured the seeds is passed away.

STATE OF TRADE.

MANGHESTER, APRIL 6, 1852.

There has been a great sameness in our cloth and yarn markets this week, as compared with the previous one—ageneral tendency to a further slight desline, in consequence of the continued favorable accounts from the United States as to the crop of 1851, the estimated extent of which appears weekly to increase. With this drawback to sales, still spinners generally find but little difficulty in quitting stock; and though obliged to submit to a small reduction, there is a healthy tone in the market for nearly all numbers and qualities. The cloth market is affected in a similar way. The operations for South America are weekly increasing, now that all uncertainty is done away with, which has so long existed on the river Plate. Our dyers are busier—always a good sign this of an improving home demand. For the United States a continued good business is doing. Soon as the staple has reached its supposed lowest point, a very animated business is anticipated.

The Mangola, Captain Haskell, arrived yesterday from Buenos Ayres, whence she sailed on the 22d of February. We have received full files of the Packet and Diarie, of

We have received full files of the Packet and Diaric, of Buenos Ayres, and Commercio of Montevideo; but as the news is not of very great importance, we give only a few items.

It appears that Don Vincent Lopes was appointed Provisional Governor of Buenos Ayres.

The Brat act of the repression of the attempted sack of the city was made by the United States Consul. That worthy representative of the American nation seeing fifty plunderer, armed with lances and rifles, appreaching on horseback, placed six American seldiers at the corner of Victory street, and when the two plunderers, who were the souts of that body of savages, arrived within genesic, the ordered his seldiers to fire. The two robbers were instantly short dead, and the vandals who followed them rapidly retired, and very soen disappeared. That act of firmness was imitated every where. All the individuals found plundering were shot on the cybot. That act of firmness was imitated every where. All the individuals found plundering were shot on the cybot. That act of the United States Consultant to the have hard expressed by all honest men, who reader homage to the conduct of the United States Consultant to the bravery of his intropid noticiers, who sneouncered, whout fear, a troop of plundering murderers ten times the way and the the received in the second of the States Consultant to the conduct of the United States Consultant to the property of his intropid noticiers, who sneouncered the way place is intropid noticiers, who sneouncered the way place is introducing murderers ten times the way place in the property of the Cuban, we have

As well from Havana—By the Isla de Cuban, we have received our files of El Diario de la Marine to the 7th instant. The political news is of no interest. Our papers do not say a word relative to the recall of Governor General José de la Cencha, who is re-placed by General Ca vedo. The royal Junta of Fomento has resolved to send to the Queen a humble petition, soliciting some relief fixm the charges of the sugar of the island for its entry in the Peninsula, and modifying the tariff of the duties fixed, on provisions. The Governor General, it is said, has approved of that project.

Marine Affairs.

ARRIVAL OF THE E TEAMSHIP GLASGOW.—The iron screw steamship Glasgow, Capt. Craig. arrived yesterday morning from Glasgow, hy about fourteen days and a half. She brought 140 pusseng CFS.

Court Calen. (sr-This Day.

FUPREME COURT — Circuit - Nos. 267, 246, 322, 100, 220, 207, 363 to 370, 313.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.— (Fifth Class)—Nos. 23 to 29, 31, 32, 33

Common P.E.As.—Part 1—Nos. 5, 51, 359, 365, 369, 371, 373, 375, 377, 381, 383, 387, 391, 303, 34, 397, 153, 175, 287, 311. Part 2—478, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 510, 512, 516, 518, 520, 524

SUPERING COURT.— (True hymphes)—Nos. 224, 226, 73

512 516 518 520, 524
SUPERIOR COURT.—(Two branches) —Nos. 221 225 73, 81, 208 250, 272 34 4 16 21, 27, 32, 161, 16, 50, 51, 114, 115, 92, 118, 163, 169, 187, 229, 259, 264, 2, 6, 278, 280, 281, 282, 281, 282, 282, 283, 289, 290, 291, 492, 671, 293, 295, 297, 298, 269, 300.

NEW YORK HERALD.

OFFICE N. W. CORNER OF FULTON AND NASSAU STS

BOWERY THEATRE, BOWERS-MASSANIBLLO-FOREST BROADWAY THEATRE, Broadway-GLADIATOR-LA-

MIBLO'S GARDEN-BLACK DOMING. BURTON'S THEATRE, Chambers street-Sun Stoops o Conquer-Tooples. NATIONAL THEATRE—AN OBJECT OF INTEREST-BLACKSMITH OF ANTWERP—DUMB BOY.

LYCEUM THEATRE-SOLDIERS COURTSHIP-WILD IS-AMERICAN MUSEUM-AMUSING PERFORMANCES IN

BOWERY AMPHITHEATRE, Bowery-Equestrian CHRISTY'S OPERA HOUSE-NEGRO MINSTERLEY BY

WOOD'S MINSTRELS, Wood's Musical Hall, 444 Broad-way-Ethiopian Minstrelsy. SOCIETY LIBRARY—NEGRO MINSTRELSY BY THE NEW

METROPOLITAN HALL-PROP. WHITNEY'S EVEN-

New York, Monday, April 19, 1852.

The News. We published yesterday the news brought by the mails of the America, from Boston, including the address of Louis Napoleon to the Legislative Chambers, and the protest of Cavaignae, Carnot and Heron, against the oath required to a seat in the legislative body. It was a bold and emphatic protest against "the rigors of despotism;" but it appears to have made no impression in the French capital. The declarations of Louis Napoleon, looking to the contingent restoration of the empire were received with marked enthusiasm.

The arrival of the Arctic, yesterday, brings us four days' later intelligence from the Old World, which we publish this morning. The most important item is the death of Prince Schwarzenberg, the active and capable manager of the internal and external affairs of Austria. The young Emperor's first trouble will be to repair his loss, if possible. It is an event of great moment to Austria, and to the future shaping of continental affairs. At this crisis, the death of such a man as Schwarzenberg may prove a positive calamity to the Austrian empire, unless his place can be promptly supplied; for the emperor is a mere automaton in the hands of his prime minister, and the affairs of his empire are but an entanglement of domestic and foreign embarrassment.

The Japan expedition of President Fillmore is approved by the French press. It is to be hoped that it will not result in a miserable failure, when all Europe expects that it will open Japan to the commerce of the world.

Louis Napoleon goes on swimmingly. He has been voted a dotation of 12,000,000 of francs, and the French people appear to be quite ready for the complete restoration of the Empire. The Prince-President has been underrated. He proves himself,

in every step, the man for France.

The news from the Australian gold mines is astonishingly flattering. Forty millions of dollars, it is estimated, will be the product of the mines for the year, at the rate of the present yield. These discoveries will give another impulse to commerce and emigration, the probable effects of which stagger all the powers of human calculation, just as the results of California have overwhelmed the wildes inventions of romance. The world is just waking up

Our readers will peruse with melancholy interest the terrible loss of the British steamship Birkenhead, off the Cape of Good Hope, with upwards of four hundred and fifty-four men.

For the interesting details by this last arrival, we refer our readers to the full digest of the news which occupies so large a portion of our limited space today. Our advertisers are fast urging us to the neeessity of a double sheet every morning.

The Whig Caucus at Washington-The True Policy of the South.

The game of the old, superannuated whig party, like that of the old fogy democracy, is now perfectly manifest. The course of Mr. Mangum the late caucus at Washington, and his subsequent explanation in the Senate, may be taken as conclusive of the whig candidate, and the whig policy of 1852. Mr. Mangum is the caucus, and the caucus is Mr. Mangum. Senator Mangum, of N. C., is the old whig party, and the old whig party is Senator Mangum, of N. C .- for the present week,

Mr. Mangum is a sagacious politician; and when we find him turning his back upon the good old State of North Carolina, and pronouncing against her for Gen. Scott, he understands what he is about. He knows that the Northern States will rule the caucus, and will outvote the South in the National Convention-that the Northern candidate is Scott, with his mouth and his pen under a rigid embargo on the slavery question; and he knows full well that the South must even take what the North chooses to give, without grumbling, or that they must revolt. He probably believes, too, that without the South-and in spite of the South-Gen. Scott may be elected; and he is probably so much of a conservative that he would fraternize with the multifarious shades of abolition at the North rather than sacrifice the doubtful chances of winning the spoils. When we find such a high toned, manly, and straightforward statesman as Mangum descending to this humiliation, we may depend upon it that the Northern wing of the party will coerce the younger whigs of the South into an unconditional surrender, at the hazard of rebellion. It is, indeed, a foregone conclusion that they must submit to the decree of W. H. Seward, or part company, file off, and set up an independent and consistent ticket of their own-consistent with their declared principles, the integrity of the compromises, and the safety of

Southern institutions. In this dilemma there is but one course of safety to the Union whigs of the South. It is the course of independent action. The entire South, including the mass of the whig party, and a considerable portion of the old democratic party, are ready to cooperate in such a movement. And even in the Northern States, a new, progressive, constitutional and national organization would at least be supported by the balance of power between the two old parties. The whig party of the South is sound. In Kentucky, in Tennessee, in Louisiana, and more recently in Virginia, the whigs in their State conventions have made the recognition of the Fugitive Slave law a principle for the campaign; and if they have been alike decisive in favor of Mr. Fillmore, it is solely upon the ground of his fidelity to his oath and the constitution in the execution of that law, in opposition to the Holy Alliance of "the higher law" of Seward and company. It is the universality of the principle which has made Mr. Fillmore so universally the favorite of the whige of the South. The principle being thus widely diffused, it only needs an organi-

zation to bring it into effective action. Now, then, if the whig caucus of to-morrow evening, at Washington, shall adjourn without a declaration of the aforesaid coastitutional principle, and shall have agreed upon the time and place for the Whig National Convention, upon the plan of Seward, there will be the opportunity for a brilliant movement on the part of the constitutional Union men of the South . Let them sieze it, and issue a manifesto to the South and to the country-a declaration of independencesetting forth the causes which impel them to the separation, and calling upon all Union men, of both parties, in all the States-North, South, East, and West-to organize, and appoint delegates to an

independent Union party convention; and let them hold that convention in Washington, after the democrats and whigs shall have held theirs, the better to fill up the blanks which they may leave open on the slavery question, and it will be as easy as talking to organize a new national party, sway the popular vote over the Union, or carry the election up to the House of Representatives. Once there, the platform and schemes of Seward and his allies will be tumbled into the dust together, and the trick of juggling, with such incendiaries, will

be rebuked and defeated for the future. The late whig meetings in this city show that this independent movement will be sustained, even here. independent movement will be sustained, even here. Let the platform be distinct, and entirely free from any connection with the old whig and democratic parties, and it can whip them both for their truckling to Seward on the one side, and Van Buren on the other, rebuke them both, and supersede them, by a thorough re-construction of parties, upon great measures and principles, and the peace of the Union. Everything depends upon the caucus of tomorrow evening, and the pluck of the Union men in the event of the rejection of their overtures. Will they act? They can, if they will.

PATRONISING HUMBUG.-Why does the city government allow that batch of idle talkers, who call themselves the Industrial Congress, to lumber up and occupy the rooms of the City Hall ? It would be much more sensible and useful to allow a batch of honest journeymen tailors or shoemakers to make it their workshop. Gentlemen of the Corporation, would it not be better to patronise the making of boots and breeches, than the manufacture of buncombe and balderdash? Which is most valuable to

GENERAL SCOTT IN TOWN.-General Scott arrived in town from Washington on Friday evening, and returns to-day. He came to bid good bye to his youngest daughter, Mrs. Goold Hoyt, who, accompanied by her husband, sailed on Saturday in the Atlantic, on a summer tour in Europe. Old Chepultepec looks very well-talks on every topic, except politics; but on that he is very costive.

DISTINGUISHED ARRIVALS .- Kossuth and Lola Montes are both to be in town to-day. Kossuth is on his way to Boston. Lola Montes has rooms at the Howard Hotel, and is busy preparing a suit at law against the manager of the Broadway, for a breach of contract. We suppose she is also getting ready her libel suits against Greeley, Raymond, and Arnin.

A TREAT EXPECTED .- Whitney, the great Yankee orator, gives an exhibition to-night. See advertisement. Who knews but he may give his audience a specimen of Kossuth's eloquence, or that of Lola Montes, during her moments of flare-up?

A very strong opposition is getting up in Boston to Kossuth and his doctrines. He is called in various quarters, an "incendiary," a "humbug," and a "pedler of trashy bonds."

EXHIBITION OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY.-No great affair in the matter of art or paintings.

Green Turtle Soup and Terrapin, stantly. Orders for Soup promptly supplied, and son to any part of New York and Brooklyn. Soup six shillings per quart. N.B.—Mock Turtle, Ox Tail, Gravy, Mulligatawny, and all other soups made to order. African Pilau, Gumbo, &c., &c.

50,000 Copies .- The entire Edition of the opening chapters of Dumas last and greatest romance, en-titled "The Monk and the Actress," having been disposed fo, a second edition of the "Sunday Courier" will be issued this morning. It was be procured at the publication office, No. 15 Spruce street, or of any of the news agents, after ten

The Old Arm Chair .- The series of Plates at Roots Daguerrean Gallery, illustrating this fine heart-melody, are worth an hour's study. While looking at them you seem to live the whole scene through, and, before you are aware of it, you find your eyes dim, and your hand in search of a pecket handkerchief. This is but one feature of Root's large gallery, No. 363 Broadway, corner of Franklin street.

Wedding Cards, elegantly and fashionably engraved and printed in gold and sliver, on the richest silver bordered and plain Porcelain Surface Cards. Also, splendid Weddingenvelopes. Specimens can be seen at EVERDELL'S, 302 Broadway, corner Duane street.

The Latest French Patterns of Ladles The Latest French Patterns of Ladles' Mantillas, in the richest materials, and onest wholerate work, can be bought for cost, at FRANK BENNETT'S Straw Bonnet and Mantilla Establishment, 331 Broadway, F. B. is continually receiving fresh supplies of the newest and finest Bonnets, and is selling them cheaper than ever. Caution to custowers.—F. B., last year, let part of his store to a ——, with the understanding that he should eaupy it as a Mantilla and Cloak Store; but recently he has undertaken to sell Straw Bonnets. The entrances to the store are so much alike, and so near to each other, that F. B. is obliged to request his friends and customers to be very particular to enter on the south side, or the side nearest Leonard street. The disagreeable necessity will cease on the 1st of May—F. B. then retaining the whole of the store.

Union Hall-Clothing at Wholesale, attention of merchants visiting this city is invited to our stock of spring and summer clothing, which was never so large and varied as at present. Comprising the latest styles, suitable for the Sonthern and Western trade. P. L. KOG-ERS. Union Hall Wholesale Clothing Warehouse, corner of Fulton and Nassau streets.

Cash vs. Credit .- Merchants wishing to buy Laces. Embroideries. White Goods. Dress Trimmings. Gloves. &c.. cheap. should call on JAMES OSTROM, 33 Liberty street, where they will find an extensive assortment, at least twenty per cent below the usual credit prices.

Glance Around at a Ball, or a Dinner party, and how many really elegant Shirt Bosoms will you see? Very few. And yet, by giving an order to GREEN, No. 1 Astor House, any gentleman may procure a set of Shirts, sure to fit bim, sure to become him, sure to give him the air of a man of fashion. Great excitement! Tremendous low prices!

Great extrement: Tremendous low prices; Good and handsome soor Oileloths only 2s. 6d., 3s. and 4s., per yard; superb, all wool, ingrain Carpets, 3s., 6d. and 4s.; English superfine Carpets, 5s., 5s., 6d., and 6s., Tapestry Carpets, 7s. 5s., and 9s. per yard; at the famous Carpet emporium, 98 Bowery—HIRAM ANDERSON'S. Copy the address. The Crystal Palace Again !- Patent Tapes

try Ingrain and Patent Tapestry Three-ply Carpets, the same as were exhibited at the World's Fair, at HIRAM ANDERSON'S, 99 Bowery, Also, English Tapestry Brussels, of magnificent, usique styles, imported expressly for New York city trade. They will be sold very cheny. Glorious-English Imperial Three-ply

Great Bargains in Carpetings.—Peterson & HUMPHREY, 379 Broadway, sorner of White street, having purchased largely at the late large anction sales, will dispuse of the same at the following low prices:—Rick Velvats, 12s.; Tapestrice, 9s.; Brussels, 8s.; Taree-ply, 7s. to 2s.; Ingrains, 4s. to 6s., and all other goods equally lew.

Canal Street Carpet Store.—Now is the time. If you want to make a saving of fifteen per cent, oall at 70 Canal street, E. A. PETERSON & CO'S, and there you will find good Ingrain Carpete, four shillings per yard. Three-ply, seven shillings per yard. Also, a large and splondid accordence in shillings per yard. Also, a large and splondid accordence of Tapostry Yelvets.

Couraud's Liquid Hair Dye is, without exception or reservation, the very best over invented; equally celebrated is GOURAUD'S Medicated Boap, for cusing pimples, freekles, sallowness, chaps, chaps, reughness, &c. Peudre Subtile uprocts hair from any part of the body. Liquid Rouge, Lily White, and Hair Gloss, at & Walker street, noar Broadway.

Hair Dye.—Batchelor's celebrated Liquid Rair Dye is the best yet discovered for coloring the hair or whiskers, the moment it is applied. The wonderful ease and sertainty with which this favorite and old established Hair Dye performs is astenishing. It is for sale, or applied, at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, No. 4 Wall street. Copy the

wigs and Toupees Batcheler's new style of Wigs are pronunced the most perfect initation of nature yet invented. Those wanting a very superior article, should only at BATCHELOR'S colebrated Wig Factory, No. 4 Walf street, where can be found the largest and best assortment a the city. Gopy the address. Phalon's Chemical Hair Invigorator, to

prevent baldness, and to restore hair, that has fallen off, or become thin, and to cure seurf or danguef, or invest is with such a brilliant gless and pormanent curl. Fer sale at 107 Breadway, and all the drug stores in every city and town in America. Phalon's Magte Hair Dye, to color the hair or whiskers the mement it is applied, without injury to the hair or skin. It can be washed immediately without disturbing the color, and has no had eder. It is applied or sold at PHALON'S Wig and Tonges Manufactory, 107 Broadway. For sale in the city and country by draggiets.

Phalon's Wigs and Toupees.—We would call the attention of persons requiring wise to a recent improvement. The same was awarded a diver modal for the first premium at the last fair. They can be seen at E. Pita-Lon's Wit and Hair Dye Factory, 197 Breadway, corner of Der street.

Since Lyan cut down the price of his Magnetic Powder and Fills to 25 cents per flask and box, the slaughter among the bed-bugs and roaches, the rats and the mice, has been incredible. His sales, at the reduced rates, are from twenty to thirty gross per day. If things go on in this way, Lyon will have to wind up his business, from the simple fact that there will be nothing in the shape of nozions insects or vermin left to kill. Lock out for counterfeiting peddlers and other impostors. Buy only of Lyon, No. 424 Brendway, or of his agents.

Wonderful Discovery. Sight and Hearing restored—spectacles and ear trumpets dispensed with. DR. LUIEN ER, 50 Prince street, N. Y., has discovered a treatment that will specify and offectually restors all and every species of blindness and desfness to their proper functions, no matter of how long standing, or from what cause the case may be, if the organs be not destroyed. Can be consulted tersonally, or by letter, daily, from 9 till 3, at his Infirmary, 5° Prince street, N. Y.

Consumption Cured,-No less than 211

MONNY MARKET.

SUNDAY, April 18-6 P. M. vity in the stock market, without developing any new feature in the speculative movement. All the leading railroad stocks have been in demand, and prices have been steadily moving upward. The expansion has a much bet-ter basis than was generally anticipated, and from present appearances, we should judge that it would be considera-bly greater before it subsided. The disposition to purchase continues active, and holders generally exhibit no anxiety value as the dull season approaches; and so long as such a supply of capital is in the market, it will be difficult to bear fancy stocks with much effect. The earnings of our railroad companies, from north to south, show a satisfac tory increase, compared with corresponding months last year, and the prospect of dividends equal to those proviously paid continues good.

Quotations for stocks, although considerably expanded,

do not range so high as those current twelve months since. Notwithstanding this, funds are unduly inflated, and rule considerably above the intrinsic value of shares for investment. As encouraging as this first statement may be to holders, and as confident as they may be that there is still a margin for a further inflation, they must not lose sight of the fact that the present spe culative value is so far above the actual bona fide value, that the chances are decidedly against themthat twelve months since there was more recklessness in the public mind, regarding all sorts of speculations, which has been checked by the nume large failures, and that men of means, and out of debt. are more cautious, and not disposed to involve themselves so deeply in the bubbles of the day. Another reason why
the present inflation has less strength, and is of a more
uncertain character than the one referred to, is the fact
that a different class of operators are concerned in it.
All, or nearly all, the strong men engaged in the previous
expansion, have withdrawn. They sold out at the top of
he market, and withdrew entirely from the field of operations, leaving it clear for those whose appetites had not
been satisfied. The influence of the party which so
successfully managed the last bubble, is now turned towards a depreciation of prices, and a general depression of
the market. Connected, as most of them are, with the
management of the finances, and traffic department, of
the leading railroad companies, it is supposed they know
something about the actual value of the stock of those
companies; and the fact that these men are daily selling
the stock short, in anticipation of a degline, is pretty
good evidence that prices are considerably inflated, and
that, sooner or later, there will be a rapid falling off in
market value.

The steamship America, at Boston, from Liverpool,
brought \$69,840 in specie. This looks as though the tide
had turned.

The total value of the foreign exports from Baltimore,
for the week ending on Thursday last amounts to so deeply in the bubbles of the day. Another reason why

brought \$69,840 in specie. This looks as though the tide had turned.

The total value of the foreign exports from Baltimore, for the week ending on Thursday last, amounts to \$190,710 55. The exports of the week comprise a large movement in breadstuffs—viz: 36,930 barrels of flour, 13,452 bushels of wheat, 2100 bushels of corn, 786 barrels of corn meal, and 132 barrels of rye flour.

The steamship Arctic, from Liverpool, brings four days' later news from all parts of Europe. Quotations for cotton were still tending downward, and the market was more depressed than at the sailing of the America, Holders were more anxious to realize, the result probably of the large receipts of the raw material from this side. We have no change to report in the corn market. Buyers were more cautious, and holders more disposed to make concessions. Trade in the manufacturing districts continued languid. The demand from the United States had fallen off very much.

Married.
On Sunday evening, at the Church of the Nativity, by the Rev. George McCloskey, Mr. Henry Marshall to Miss Mary Dougherty, all of this city.
At Harlem, on Thursday evening, April 15, by the Rev. J. S. Lord, Richard H. Olssen, of New York, to Catherine A., daughter of the late David Wood, of the former place.

Place.

On Thursday, April 15, by the Rev. Silas Fitch, of Sullivan Street Methodist Episcopal Church. Mr. Henry M. Rocers to Miss Harriet A. Chambers, both of this city.

On Wednesday, April 14, at St. Mark's Church, by the Rev. Dr. Anthon, Nathan B. Graham to Catharine W. Dwight, daughter of the late John W. Ystes, of Albany.

On Friday evening, April 16, Catharine Nexsen.

Her friends, and those of her botchers, William and George W., and of her late brother Walter, are invited to attend her funeral, this afternoon, at 4 o'clock, from the residence of William Nexsen, 39 Johnson street. Brooklyn.

On Sunday morning, April 18, after a lingering illness, Peter Collins Greeke, sged 19 years and 4 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his foureal, to-morrow afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from 43 Sullivan street.

On Sunday, April 18, Emma Jane Sawyer, of dropsy of the brain aged 7 months and 22 days, only child of Emma and John Sawyer.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her parents, 163 Chatham street, this afternoon, at 2 o'clock. On Friday, April 16, after a long and tedious illness, Ann Moore, aged 64 years and 6 months.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, this afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from her late residence. No. 1 's Sullivan street, without further invitation. Her remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

On Sunday morning, April 18, Enward Gierov, in the

interment.

On Sunday merning, April 18, Edward Gilroy, in the 32d year of his age.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are repectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late esidence, 524 Pearl street, this afternoon, at 2 o'clock. His remains will be taken to Williamsburg for interment. On Sunday afternoon, April 18, Charles Frederick, son of Seamen R, and Emma C. Fowler, aged 3 years and 7 months.

7 months.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, to-morrow afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of his parents, 280 Grand

son of John and Helen Gaffney, aged 1 year 10 months and 2 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are requested to The relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral, this afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from 65 Cliff street.

At Williamsburg, very suddenly, on Sunday, April 18, John Hisney, infant son of James and Sarah A. Wine, sged 1 year 4 months and 18 days.

God, in his wisdom, has recalled

A parent's pride. His love has given

A flower that scarce had waked to life And beauty, ore it died.

A flower that scarce had waked to life
And beauty, ere it died.
The friends and relatives are invited to attend his funeral, this afterneon, at 3 o'clock, from 45 South Ninth street. Williamsburg.

ADVERTISEMENTS RENEWED EVERY DAY.

PERSONAL.

LEFT HIS HOME ON THURSDAY, 15TH INSTANT, In height, black hair, He had on when he left home glazed cap, black coat and pants. Supposed to be laboring under mental derangement. Any information respecting him will be thankfully received by BRIAN MILMO, 63 Mott street. INFORMATION WANTED.—ANY PERSON INFORMing the subscriber, who swned the schooner Isabella,
(Capt. Peter Peters.) that sailed from Chagres, on the 20th
of August last, for New York—the names of the passengers
and crew, and the names of those that died during the passage, will be liberally rewarded for their trouble.

GEO. J. BOLTON, 64 Vesey street.

INFORMATION WANTED-OF BARTHOLEMEW Shannon, a native of the city of Dublin, who resided in Gosben, Clermont county, Ohio, in the years 1843 to 1846, and perhaps later; a tanner by trade; previously he resided in Blanchester, Ohio; is about 58 years of age. Any information respecting him would be most thankfully acknowledged by his relatives in Ireland, who have not heard of him since the year 1846. Address.

GEO. McBRIDE, Jr., & CO., 14 Broadway, N. Y.

THE TURF.

CENTREVILLE COURSE, L.I.—TROTTING—MONDAY
April 19th, at 3 P.M. Purse \$50, mile heats, best three in 5,
in harness. S. McLanghlin enters b. m., Lady Brooks; G.
Spicore enters g. g., War Eagle; F. J. Nodine enters b. G.
George West; owner enters b. m., Flora Temple; H. Woodruff enters a, p. m., Lady Bond; D. Piffer enters blk.
Lady Elizabeth; G. Raynor enters ch. g., Selim. Omnibuses
leave Fulton ferry, Brooklyn at one and a halfo'clock P.M.
JOEL CONKLIN, Proprietor.

JOEL CONKLIP, Proprietor.

UNION COURSE, L. I.—TROTTING—TUESDAY,
April 20th, at 3 P. M. Purse and stake, \$400. Mile
heats, best three in five, to wagons. Geo. Spicor enters g. g.
War Eagle, D. Piffer enters bl. m. Ediabeth; Hugh Kelley
enters s. g. New York; G. Perrin enters b. m. Flora Temple;
S. McLanghlin enters b. m. Lady Brooks; owner enters g. g.
Tecumseh; Mr. Nodine enters s. m. Green Meuntain Maid.
The cars will leave the South Ferry, Brooklyn, for the
course, at 2 o'clock P. M., and return when the sport is
over. Fare, each way, twonty-five cents.

J. I. SNEDIKER, Proprietor.

RED HOUSE PLEASURE GROUND—TROTTING—
Purse of \$25 will be given, to come of on Wednosday,
21st inst., for horses that never won a purse. Mile heats;
best 3 in 5, under saddle. Entries to close at the above house
on Tuesday, 23th, by 7 o'clock P. M. E. LUFF, Proprietor.

REMOVAL.—LADIES WILL PLEASE NOTICE THAT the Paris Mantilla Emportum has removed from 351 to 361 Broadway, where is now exhibiting a truly magnificent assemblage of new Spring Mantillas, of the richest fairlies and designs, at extremely moderate prices. GEO. BULFIN, proprietor.

REMOVAL.—DR. POWELL WILL REMOVE, ON THE grat of May, to 502 Broadway, above Broome street. During the interval, he will attend to Diseases of the Eye and Ear at 13; Warren street, where can be had his "Treatise on the Eye," price 50 cents. A lio, Artidical Eyes, which will move and look like the satural eye.

BEMARK.—J. STOUVENEL & BROTHERS, NO. 594

Broadway, next to Nibio's, have justopened a splendid assertment of new Patterns of Gas Fixtures of every description, from conclight bracket to some very elegant sixilization from concligation from concligation of the south of the following conclusion of the south of the following conclusion of the south of the following conclusion of the south of

\$4,25 PER TON.—PEACH ORCHARD, EGG AND Stove Coal, fresh from the mines, to cartmen, dealers and others, inding their own carts. \$4 75 delivered, free of cartage, from both. Apply at the Tisdail Coal Depot, 7 Hoboken street, foot of Canal street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TAMMANY SOCIETY OR COLUMBIAN ORDER.—
Brothers—A regular meeting of the institution will be held in the Council Chamber of the Great Wigney, on Monday evening, the 19th inst., at half an househalter the setting of the ann, for the election of officers of the decision of officers of the senting year. General and punctual attended by requested. By order.

DANIEL E. DELAYAN, serguested. By Order.

Manhattan, Season of Biossoms, 4th Moon, Year of Discovery 20th, Year of Independence, 76th, and of the Institution the 63d.

A SSOCIATION OF EXEMPT FIREMEN.-THE REGU-A lar quarterly meeting of this Association will be held at Firemen's Hall, on Tuesday evening, April 20th, at eight o'clock. G. W. WHEELER, Recording Secretary. FREE LECTURE TO LADIES.—DR. VAN DOREN will repeat his second Lecture upon Medical Reform and Female Maladies, on Twoday, April 20, at 3% P. M., in Rutger's Institute, Madison street, near Clinton street, is consequence of the storm on Thursday last.

TO ENTOMOLOGISTS -I SHALL BE HAPPY TO ENter into correspondence with any American Entomolo-gists who may be so disposed, and to send them specimens of British and European insects (especially beetles) in return for American species. ANDREW MURRAY. No. 7 Nolson street, Edinburg.

M ASONIC NOTICE.—THE MEMBERS OF ATWOOD Lodge are requested to be punctual in attendance on next Monday evening. April 19th, as there will be a very interesting estemony performed by a distinguished visiter. By order of ALBERT G. BAGLEY, W. M., pro tem. WM. H. PHILLIPS, Secretary.

BENEVOLENT ORDER OF UNITED IRISHMEN.—
The last of the series of Military Lectures will be delivered at Hope Chapel, on Monday evening, the 19th inst., at 8 o'clock by Col. Michael Deheny. Subject: The Campaigns of the American Revolution. Tickets 25 cents.

I O. O. F.—THE R. W. GRAND ENCAMPMENT OF
Southern New York, will hold a regular adjourned meet
ing, at their room, Odd Fellows' Hall, corner Grand and
Centre streets, on Monday, 19th April, at 7½ ociock, P. M
Members are requested to be punctual in Attendance.
By order, JUIN J. DAVIS, G. Seribo.

THE MILITARY.

CITIZEN VOLUNTEERS-DIVISION ORDER.-THE CITIZEN VOLUNTEERS—DIVISION ORDER.—THE

First Division of Citien Volunteers will parade on
the 19th inst., to selebrate the Anniversary of the Battle of
Lexington. The Division Line will form at 2 P. M., on the
west side of Fifth avenue; the right resting on Waverley
place. Line of march through Waverley place to Wooster
street, through to Fourth street; down Fourth atreet to
Sixth avenue, through Carmine and Clarkson streets to Hudson to Canal treet; down Rudson to Canal street; down Canal to
Broadway; down Broadway to the Park; there to be received by the Mayor and Common Council. Then up
Chatham street to East Broadway; up East Broadway to
Glinton atreet, through to Grand street; down Grand
street to the Bowery; up the Bowery to Astor place,
through to Broadway, and dismiss.

By order, HENRY WILSON, Major General, C. V.

A FAMILY, AND TWO OR THREE SINGLE GENTLE-

A LADY, HAVING MORE ROOM THAN SHE REquires, would let, to a single gentleman, a parlor and
bedroom, on the second floor of a new house, in Twontyfirst street, with all the modern improvements, gas, warm
and cold batks, etc. A line directed to Mrs. H. W.F.,
will be replied to immediately. Breakfact and tea if re
quired.

BOARD WANTED-IN THE COUNTRY, NEAR THE city, for a lady and in fant child. Reference given if required. Address Greenland, this office. BOARDING-WITH LARGE ROOMS, BEDROOMS AND pantries attached, in house 87 East Broadway. References exchanged. Enquire on the premises.

BOARD.-A GENTLEMAN AND LADY, OR TWO gentlemen, may have a pleasant room, with board, at the centrally located dwelling. No. 19 Wooster street. BOARD WANTED, BY A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, down town, west side of Broadway, or in Hoboken.
Please address H. H., Herald Office, stating terms and leca-

BOARD AT HOBOKEN.—TWO OR THREE GENTLE-D men can be accommodated with board in a private fa-mily. House pleasantly situated, and within three minutes walk from the ferry. Address box 2,327 Post Office. BOARD IN BROOKLYN, WITHIN THREE MINUTES with partial board. Apply at 39 Willow place, between State and Joralemen streets, Brooklyn.

BOARD.-AN ELEGANT SUITE OF ROOMS ON THE D first floor, three rooms deep, and other apartments, can be had at 82 East Twenty-third street, a short distance above Union Park ane near Lexington avenue. The house has the modern improvements.

BOARD IN SOUTH BROOKLYN,-TWO GENTLE D men can be accommodated with board in a healthy and pleasant part of South Brooklyn, within ten minutes walk from either the South or Hamilton avenue ferries. Refe-rences exchanged. Address H., D. S. Herald office. BOARDIN BROOKLYN .- A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL D accommodate a few boarders, from 1st May, with par-tial board. House in a very desirable neighborhood, and within ten minutes walk of the Atlantic and Fulton fer-ries. References given and required. Address B., Herald office.

BOARDING.—TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN CAN be accommodated with furnished rooms, breakfast and tea, in a small quiet family, where there are no other beariers, about three minutes walk from Hamilton Ferry, Brooklyn. Apply at No. 70 Sackett street. The family do not move on the first of May.

BOARD.-SEVERAL VERY DESIRABLE ROOMS. Board D.—SEVERAL VERY DESTRABLE ROOMS, and a number of pleasant rooms for gentlemen and their wives, and a number of pleasant rooms for gentlemen, can now be had with board, at 101 and 103 Chambers threet, ene block week from Breadway. The houses are modern, and contain warm, cold and shower baths.

BOARD.—THE FIRST CLASS HOUSE, 19 UNION square, newly furnished, and now ready for the reception of families and single gentlemen desiring beard. The house is modern, having pantries, bath rooms, &c., and in one of the best locations in New York. Stages pass every five minutes. The house will be well kept. Rooms may be secured by applying numediately at 10 Union square.

BOARD WANTED IN A FRENCH FAMILY.—A GEN-tleman who has just commenced the study of the French language, wishes to obtain board in a private French family, located between Canal and Tenth streets, where there are few or no other boarders, the dinner hour not earlier than 5 o clock. References exchanged. Address Fred. Aug., Her-nld office.

BOARD.—SUMMER RESIDENCE ON THE HUDSON. Howland Manaion House, Eighty-sixth street, charmingly situated on the river side, will be re-opened for select families and gentlemen, on the 28th of April. Constant communication by steamboats: Eight a venue and Blooming-dale road stages. Choice of rooms by early application at the house, or to One, Post Office, New York.

the house, or to One, Post Office, New York.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN, ON THE HEIGHTS.—A bouse, newly furnished, and having all the modern improvements, including hot and cold baths, being directly on the Heights and commanding a full view of the bay and farmish breakfast and tea, with dinner on Sunday. Those in want of elegant apartments in the most magnificent situation in the vicinity of New York, can address, with real name only, C. L., at this office.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—WANTED, BY A GENTLE—man and wife, from the 20th of May, in a private family in Brooklyn, two good unfurnished rooms, suitable for a sitting room and chamber, with full board for the gentleman; near the South or Fulson furry preferred. Any private family having more room than they require, and desirons of making a permanent arrangement, will please address Mauhattan, Herald office, stating terms and location. The best references will be given.

Board up Town.—THE LARGE, DOUBLE HOUSE, 201 West Twenty-second street, near Eighth avenue, three stories, attic and basement, with a park adjoining, one bundred feet square, with a Croton fountain, will be opened on the first of May, for a genteel, private Boarding House, It centains all the modern improvements, and will be furnished throughout in good style. No effort will be spared to make this the most decirable house of the kind in the west part of the city. Those wishing to engage board, may apply at 103 West Twenty-second street, near Sixth avenue. References exchanged.

PURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.—ONE OR TWO NEATLY fernished parlors, with bad rooms communicating, to let to single gentlemen, in a first-class house, containing all the modern improvements—baths, gas, &c., and situated is a dostrable and healthy location, being in the immediate vicinity of Union Park and Calvary Church. Apply at 251 Fourth avenue.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.—TWO ROOMS ON THE second floor, together or separately, suitable for one or two gentlemen, or for a gentleman and his wife, without children. References required. Apply at No. 7 Walker street. TURNISHED ROOMS, 763 BROADWAY.—MRS. SLATER has two elegantly furnished suites of rooms, whole floors, to let, for the summer or for the year, either with or without private table. Rooms newly painted ist of May. Furniture new; house first class. Restaurants in the neighborhood.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS TO LET TO SINGLE Gentlemen, consisting of a front parlor, back sleeping room, bath room, pantries, and other conveniences, on the second floor, in Franklin street, near Broadway, in a small private family. References given and required. Address A. X., box 115 Broadway Post Office.

MRS. KEMBLE WILL RECEIVE APPLICATIONS for family and single rooms, with board, at 37 war. Twenty-second street, until first of May, in the alegant brown stone house in Nincteenth atreet, between Fourth avenue and Broadway.

PRIVATE BOARD.—FURNISHED ROOMS AND board at No. 4, Union square.

ROOM WANTED.—A GOOD AIRY ROOM, WITH A grate, wanted by a gentleman, wife and child, in the central part of the city, and in a quiest, respectable neighborhood. Address Arthur, Herald office, stating terms, which must not exceed from \$6 to \$6.00 a month.

R COMS.—TO LET—A SUITE OF ROOMS. TO ONE OR two single gentleman. Apply at 141 Ninth street, a few doors east of Broadway.

Unpurnished APARTMENTS TO LET TO SINGLE Gentleman.—The second and third floors of the splendid dwelling, 122 Bloceker street, between Wooster and Laurens streets, will be let is single rooms or saits. Gas, baths, water closets, &c. Fine lecation for a club. Apply on the premises.

on the premises.

WANTED—FURNISHED, ABOVE EIGHTH STREET, by a gentleman and wife, the second floor of a first class house, with all the improvements. Breakfast and toa private. Full private table preferred, or similar rooms with breakfast near a restaurant. Address A. Lower Post Office, stating lecation, terms and name, or no reply will be stone.

wanted—with Board of the agentheman and of the second foor of a genteel house, with the modern improvements, situated west of Broadway and south of Fourth street, a strictly private family occupying such a house, and having such a commodations to dispuse of, will please address C. W., Box 2,798, Post Office. No boarding-house keepers need apply. References exchanged.

THE SAN FRANCISCO HERALD.—THE SAN FRAN-cisco Herald, of the latest date, (double sheet) can be had at STRINGER & TOWNSEND'S, under American Massurn.

had at STRINGER & TOWNSEND'S, under American Museerm.

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